

USS: Introduction to mathematical cryptography
Tuesday July 26 problems

Today you should first practice encryption and decryption with our simple lattice-based cipher over the integers, and then finish the Monday July 25 problems if you did not finish them.

1. Consider the instance of our simple lattice-based cipher over the integers that has public key

$$\begin{aligned}x_0 = & 8454204503, 3327341689, 1349786140, 2796047723, 7830075393, 6761697318, \\ & 4923797967, 2282744485, 2700505680, 2574555543, 4536432818, 5853763387, \\ & 6757138668, 8182482829, 8130443719, 6817659754, 2897777368, 2859480454, \\ & 8404833136, 2986869839, 2216788527, 3241154823, 7130084136, 898925021, \\ & 4384274941, 7507585242, 1921632240, 783868684, 6288094121, 6833000810, 6364802355, \\ & 2855280111, 3534432240, 2013660441, 6553649254, 7582742811, 7411341636.\end{aligned}$$

It is also public that to encrypt with this instance of fully homomorphic encryption, you should choose the encryption noise r such that

$$-63 \leq r \leq 63.$$

- (a) Use this public key to give two encryptions of $m = 0$.
- (b) Use this public key to give two encryptions of $m = 1$.

If you want to check your work, the private key is $p = 3011$.

2. Consider the instance of our simple lattice-based cipher over the integers that has private key $p = 3011$. Use this private key to decrypt the following ciphertexts.
 - (a) $c = 4, 214, 470, 613$
 - (b) $c = 865, 735, 839$
 - (c) $c = -123, 001, 310$
 - (d) $c = -3, 780, 664, 792$