

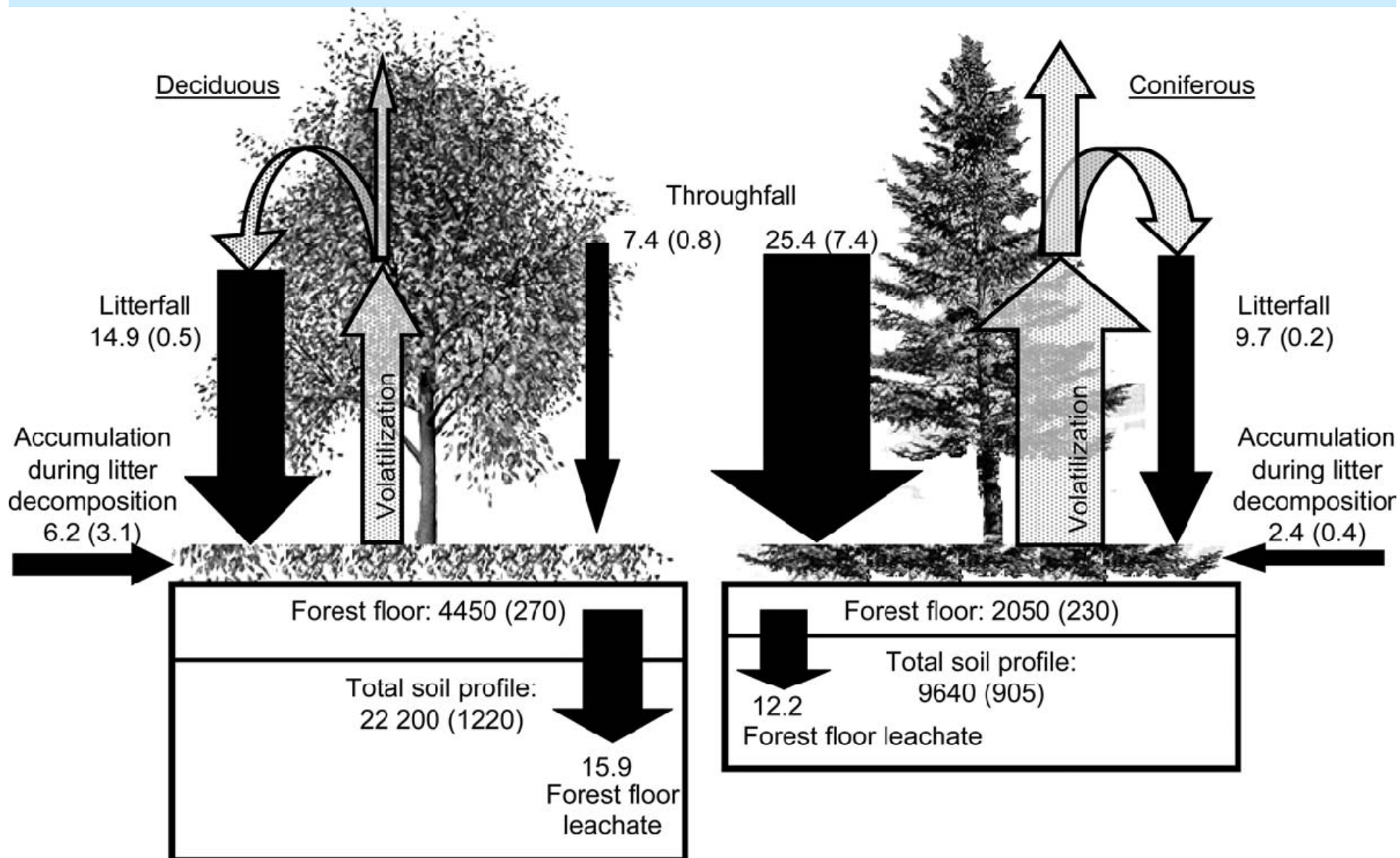
# Mercury in Adirondack Soils

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# Mercury in Soils

- Largest pool of Hg in most forested ecosystems
- Most studies show that inputs of Hg from atmospheric deposition exceed outputs in surface waters plus net emissions
- Hg strongly associated with soil organic matter – binds to thiol groups
- Hg in soils is new, old, and recycled

# Hg Cycle in ADKs from Demers et al., 2007



# Important Questions in Hg Research that Require Soils Data

- Is Hg still showing net accumulation in ecosystems/watersheds?
- Relative roles of aquatic vs. non-aquatic methyl Hg sources
- What are the trends in Hg inputs, outputs, and stores?
- Time frame for recovery from decreasing Hg deposition

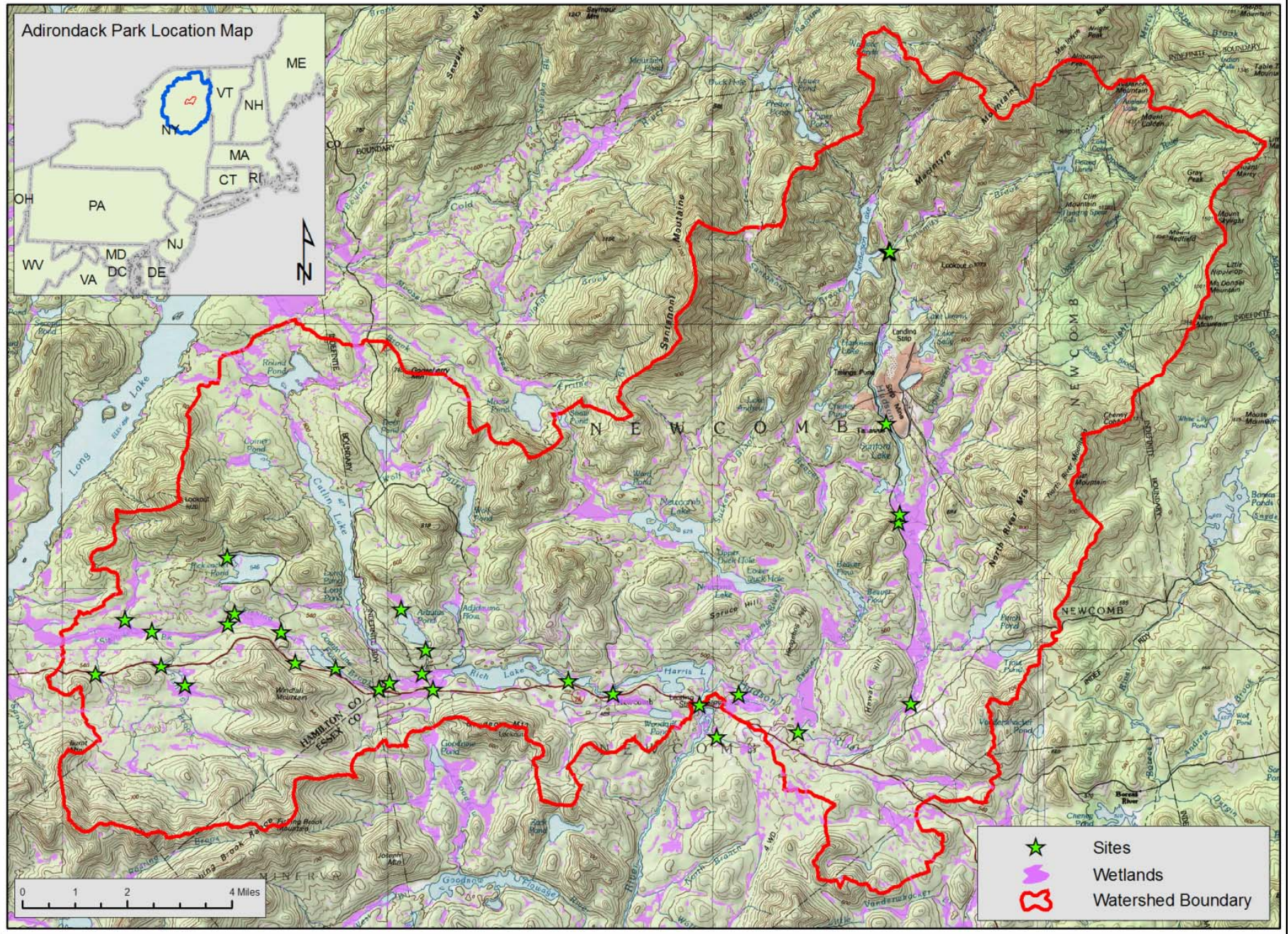


# Soil Sampling in ADKs

- Collected samples in different land cover, multiple depths
- Analyzed for total Hg and methyl Hg
- Also analyzed two sets of samples from Heimburger plots near Newcomb – 1984 and 2006
- Part of effort to model Hg cycle in two watersheds: (1) Fishing Bk, NY, (2) McTier Ck, SC



# Upper Hudson Basin Upstream of Newcomb, NY





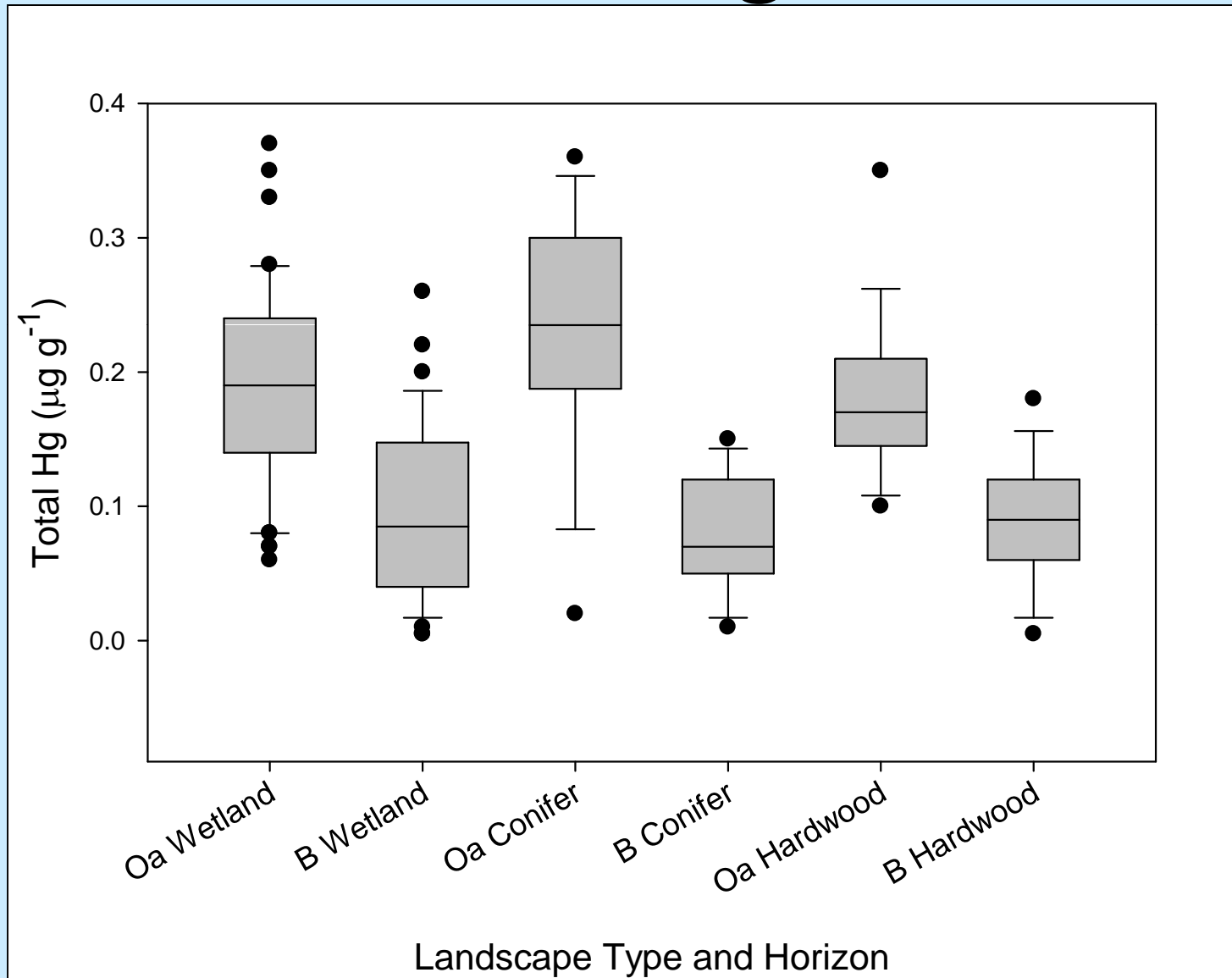
**Riparian Wetlands**

**Riparian Conifers**

**Hardwood Hillslopes**

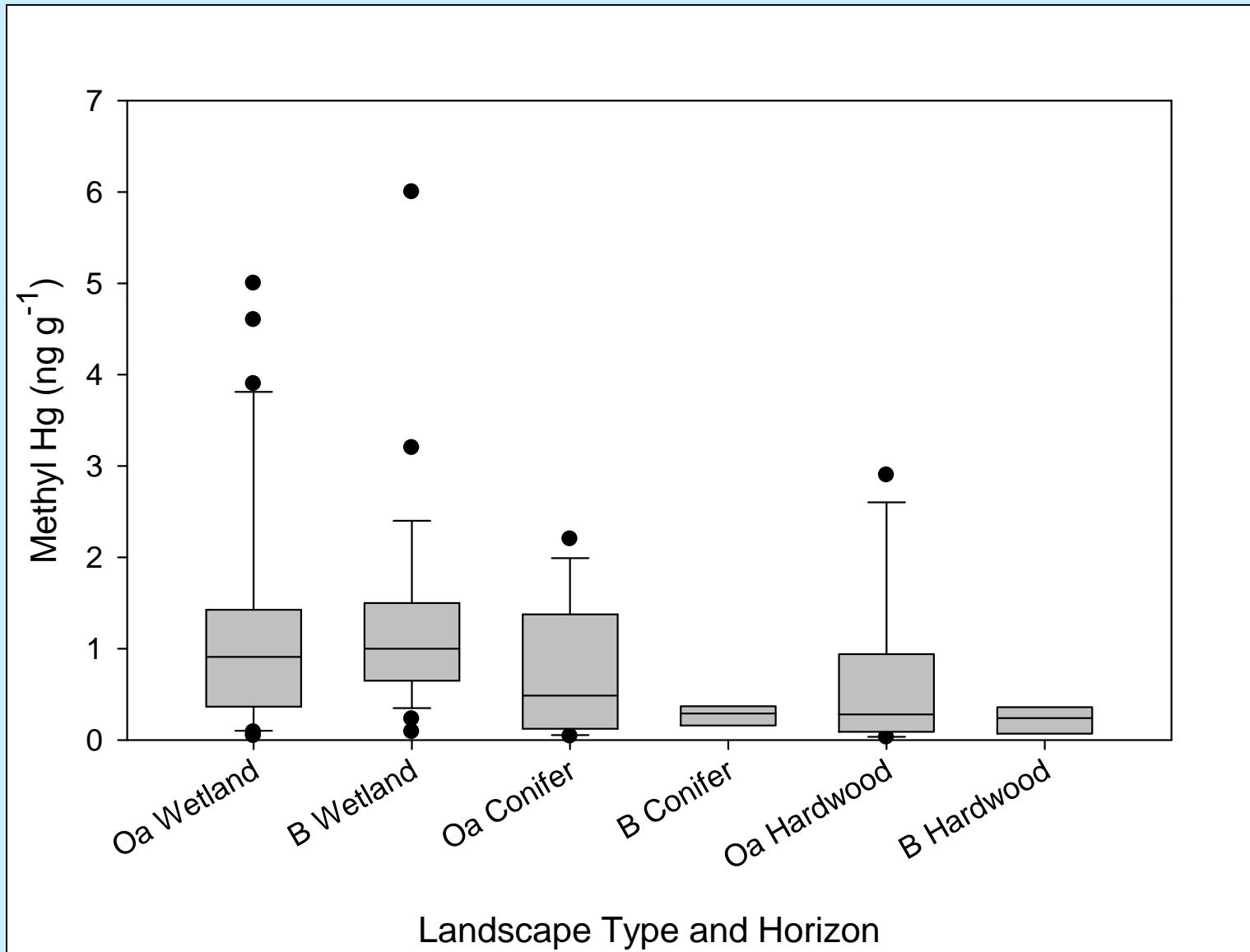


# Total Hg

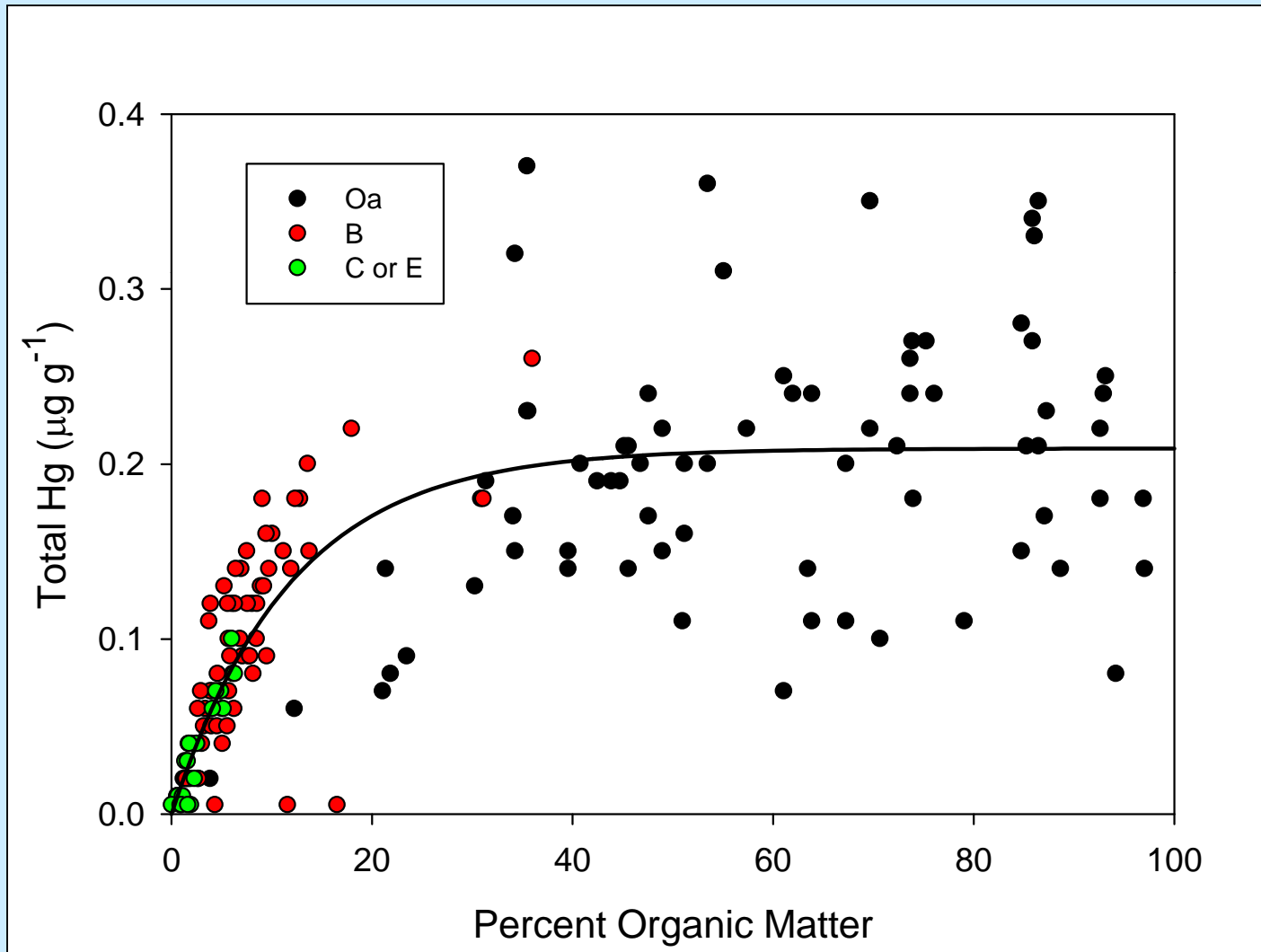




# Methyl Hg

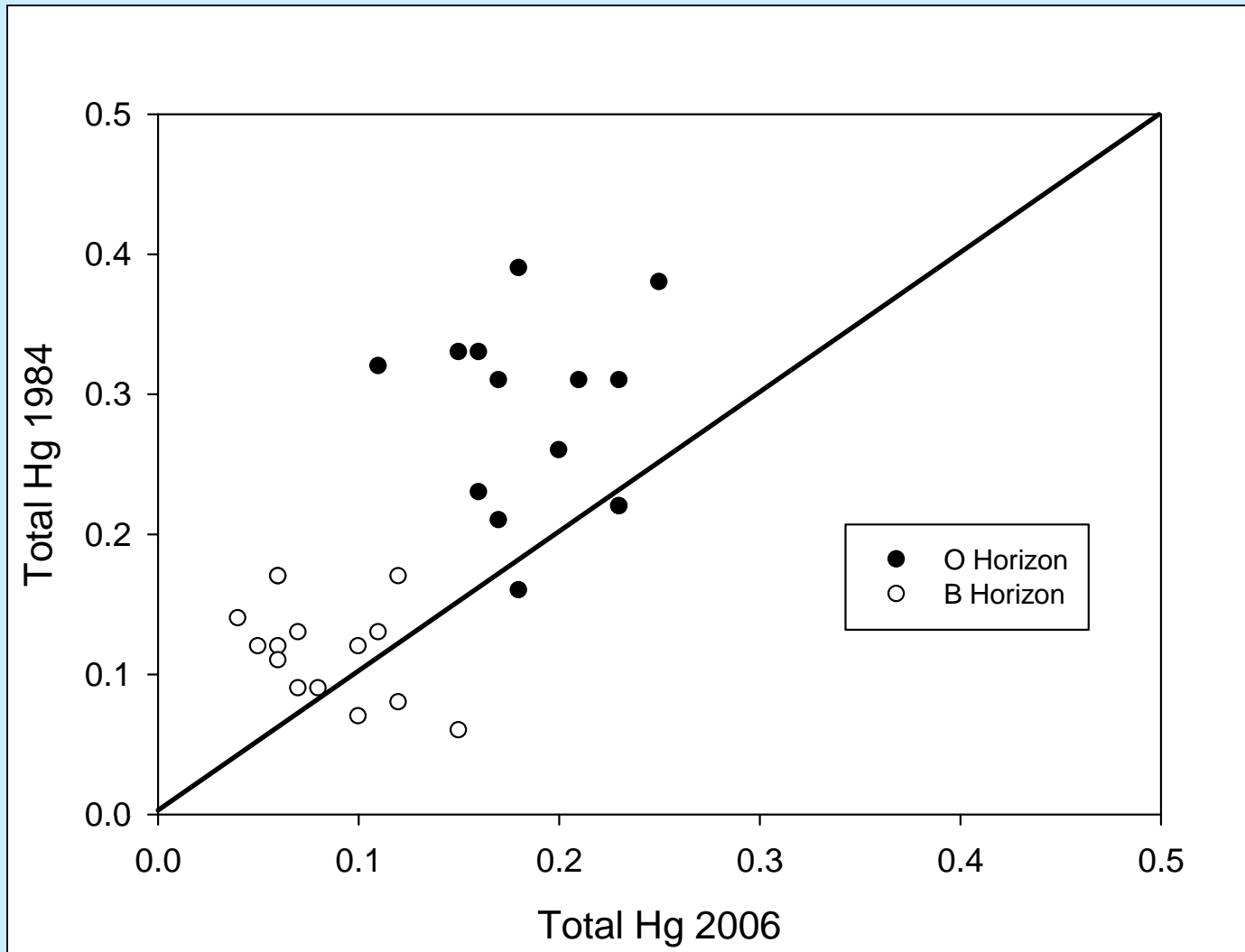


# Organic Matter vs. Total Hg

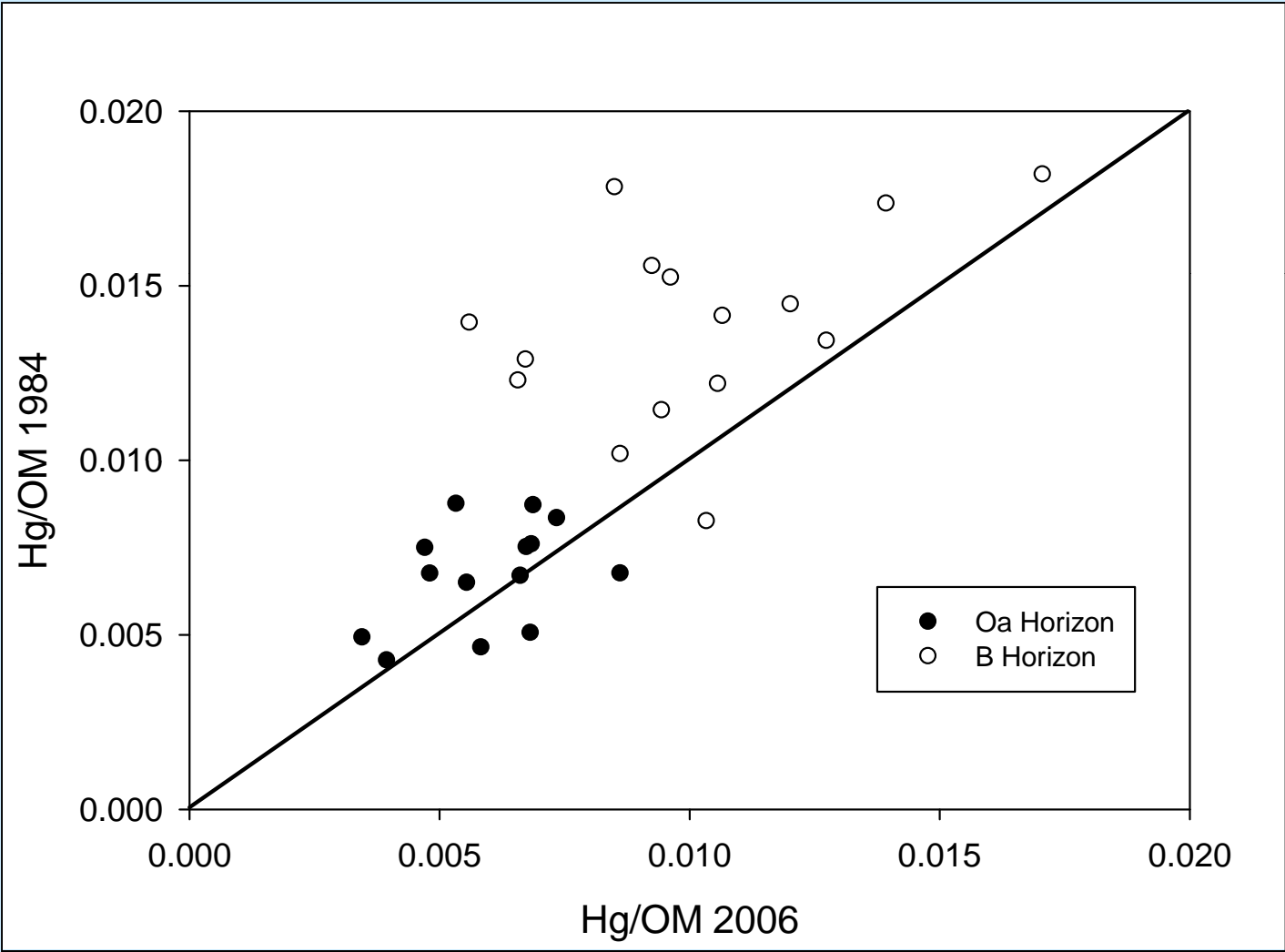




# Heimburger Newcomb Plots



# Data Normalized for Organic Matter





# Summary

- Total Hg concentrations in soils in the range of other studies – large pool
- Methyl Hg concentrations higher in wetland soils, but some high values found Oa horizons in riparian conifers and hardwood hillslopes
- Total Hg concentrations are lower in 2006 than 1984 samples from Heimbürger Newcomb plots – volatile losses during storage?

# Acknowledgements

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- James Bedison for sharing soil aliquots from Heimburger plots