



**Silver Tip**

**Tight Cluster**

**Early Pink**

**Late Pink**

**Bloom**

**Petal Fall**

**June**

**July**

**August**

**STLM- Spotted Tentiform Leaf Miner**

Set Red Visual Traps | Check traps weekly for thresholds | Continue Monitoring | Check traps for updated thresholds

**TPB- Tarnished Plant Bug**

Set White Sticky Traps | Check traps weekly for thresholds | Continue Monitoring | Check traps for updated thresholds

**EAS- European Apple Sawfly**

Set White Sticky Traps | Check traps weekly for thresholds

**Pollinators Active  
No Insecticides!**



**Bee  
& Bumble Bee**

**White Apple and Potato Leafhoppers**

Examine leaves for presence of 1st gen. nymphs and adults. Threshold: 25/100 lvs | Continue Monitoring | Examine leaves for presence of 2nd gen. nymphs and adults. Threshold: 25/100 lvs

**European Red and Two-Spotted Spider Mites**

Monitor every 7-14 days for motile mites. Compare to Mite Sampling Chart, threshold changes throughout the season.

**PC- Plum Curculio**

Inspect fruit on early blooming cultivars in perimeter rows for fresh egg-laying scars.

Threshold: First evidence of damage Use DD model to determine timing of last spray.



**OBLR- Obliquebanded Leafroller**

Hang pheromone traps in orchard. Monitor daily for first capture. Begin to accumulate DD (base 43F) from 1st capture. | When 600 DD (base 43F) are reached, examine 10 expanding terminal shoots per tree. Record the number of terminals infested. Use Cornell Sampling Form to determine whether to treat.

**CM- Codling Moth**

Hang pheromone traps in orchards. Check daily Note date of first trap capture

1st Generation Calculate DD from first adult catch to time insecticide spray 250-350 DD (base 50F)

2nd Generation Calculate DD from first adult catch to time insecticide spray in blocks where CM are a problem: 1260-1370 DD (base 50F)

**AMF- Apple Maggot Fly**

Hang traps during last week in June. Four traps/block at perimeter. Traps must be very visible; place in outer edge of canopy at head height and remove foliage around them. | Monitor Weekly For Thresholds non-baited spheres: 1/trap baited spheres: 5/trap

Scouting Thresholds				
	Tight Cluster	Late Pink	Petal Fall	July
STLM	McIntosh: 4/ Trap	9/Trap	7 Mines/100 Lvs	50 Mines/ 100 Lvs
	Non-Mac: 8/Trap	21/Trap	14 Mines/100 Lvs	100 Mines/ 100 Lvs
TPB	Wholesale: 3/trap	5/trap		
	Retail: 5/trap	8/trap		
EAS	No Pre-Bloom Insecticide: 5/trap Blocks with Pre-Bloom Insecticide: 9/Trap			
AMF	Non-Baited Spheres: 1/Trap			
	Baited Spheres: 5/Trap			
Orchard IPM Resources				
UVM Fruit Page: Tree Fruit and Viticulture <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/~fruit/">http://www.uvm.edu/~fruit/</a>				
NEWA: Decision support systems for insect and disease models <a href="http://newa.cornell.edu/">http://newa.cornell.edu/</a>				
Great Lakes IPM: Trapping Supplies <a href="http://greatlakesipm.com/">http://greatlakesipm.com/</a>				
UVM Plant Diagnostic Clinic: Pest and disease identification <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/extension/pdc">https://www.uvm.edu/extension/pdc</a>				
Cornell IPM Fact Sheets <a href="http://www.nysipm.cornell.edu/factsheets/treefruit/default.asp">http://www.nysipm.cornell.edu/factsheets/treefruit/default.asp</a>				
Tree Fruit Field Guide <a href="http://palspublishing.cals.cornell.edu/">http://palspublishing.cals.cornell.edu/</a>				

**2018 IPM 'Quick' Summary for Monitoring Apple Arthropod Pests**

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